But these many years passed, this godly and decent order of the ancient Fathers hath been so altered, broken and neglected by planting in uncertain Stories, and Legends, with multitude of Responds, Verses, vain Repetitions, Commemorations and Synodals; that commonly when any Book of the Bible was begun, after three or four Chapters were read out, all the rest were unread. And in this fort the Book of Hoiab was begun in Advent, and the Book of Genefis in Septuagesima; but they were only begun and never read through: After like fort were other Books of holy Scripture used. And moreover. whereas St. Paul would have such language spoken to the people in the Church, as they might understand and have profit by hearing the fame; The Service in this Church of Ergland these many years hath been read in Latin to the people, which

they understand not; so that they

have heard with their ears only, and

their heart, spirit and mind have not

been edified thereby. And further-

more, notwithstanding that the an-

cient Fathers, have divided the Pfalms

he the more inflamed with the love

of his true Religion.

one was called a Nocturn: Now of late time a few of them have been daily faid, and the reft utterly omitted. Moreover, the number and hardnefs of the Rules called the Pie, and the manifold changings of the Service, was the cause, that to turn the Book only was fo hard and intricate a matter, that many times there was more bufiness to find out what should be read, than to read it when it was found out.

These inconveniences therefore confidered, here is fet forth fuch an Order whereby the same shall be redreffed. And for a readiness in this matter, here is drawn out a Calendar for that purpose, which is plain and easy to be understood; wherein (fo much as may be) the reading of holy Scripture is fo fet forth, that all things shall be done in order without breaking one piece from another. For this cause be cut off Anthems, Responds, Invitatories, and such like things as did break the continual course of the reading of

the Scripture. Yet, because there is no remedy. but that of necessity, there must be fome Rules; therefore certain Rules are here fet forth; which, as they are few in number, fo they are plain and easy to be understood. So that here you have an Order for Prayer. and for the reading of the holy Scripture, much agreeable to the mind and purpose of the old Fathers, and a great deal more profitable and commodious, than that which of late was used. It is more profitable, because here are left out many things, whereof fome are untrue, some uncertain, some vain and fuperfittious; and nothing is ordained to be read, but the very pure Word of God, the holy Scripture, or that which is agreeable to the fame; and that in fuch a Language and Order as is most easy and plain for the understanding both of the Readers and Hearers. It is also more commodious, both for the shortness thereof. and for the plainness of the Order, and for that the Rules be few and eafy. And whereas heretofore there hath

been great diverfity in faying and finging in Churches within this Realm; fome following Salisbury Use, some Hereford Use, and some the Use of Bangor, some of York, some of Lincoln: Of Ceremonies.

Lincoln: now from henceforth all 'the Church in the English Tongue the whole Realm shall have but one

And forafmuch as nothing can be fo plainly fet forth, but doubts may arife in the use and practice of the fame; to appeale all fuch diverfity (if any arise) and for the resolution of all doubts, concerning the manner how to understand, do, and execute the things contained in this Book: the parties that so doubt, or diverfly take any thing, shall alway refort to the Bishop of the Diocese, who by his discretion shall take order for the quieting and appearing of the fame; so that the fame order be not contrary to any thing contained in this Book. And if the Bishop of the Diocese be in doubt, then he may fend for the resolution thereof to the Archbishop.

'Though it be appointed, That all things shall be read and fung in

to the end that the congregation. may be thereby edified; yet it is ' not meant, but that when men fay Morning and Evening Prayer privately, they may fay the fame in any language that they themselves

do understand. And all Priefts and Deacons are to fay daily the Morning and Evening Prayer either privately or openly, not being let by fickness. or some other urgent cause.

And the Curate that ministereth in every Parish-Church or Chapel. being at home, and not being otherwise reasonably hindered. Shall fay the fame in the Parish-Church or Chapel where he ministereth, and shall cause a Bell to be tolled 'thereunto a convenient time before he begin, that the people may come to hear God's Word, and to 'pray with him.

## Of Ceremonies, Why some be abolished, and some retained.

OF fuch Ceremonies as be used in the church, and have had their beginning by the institution of man, fome at the first were of godly intent and purpole deviled, and yet at length turned to vanity and super-fition: Some entered into the Church by undiscreet Devotion, and fuch zeal as was without knowledge; and for because they were winked at in the beginning, they grew daily to more and more Abuses, which not only for their unprofitableness, but also because they have much blinded the people, and obscured the Glory of God, are worthy to be cut away, and clean rejected: Other there be, which although they have been devised by man, yet it is thought good to referve them full. as well for a decent Order in the Church (for the which they were first devised) as because they pertain to edification, whereunto all things done in the Church (as the Apostle teacheth) ought to be referred.

And although the keeping or omitting of a Ceremony, in itself confidered, is but a fmall thing; yet the wilful and contemptuous transgression and breaking of a common Order and Discipline, is no small offence before God. Let all things be done among you, faith Saint Paul, in a feemly and due Order: The appointment of which Order pertaineth not to private men; therefore no man ought to take in hand, nor prefume to appoint or alter any publick or common Order in Christ's Church. except he be lawfully called and

authorized thereunto. And whereas in this our time, the minds of men are fo diverse, that fome think it a great matter of Conscience to depart from a piece of the least of their Ceremonies, they be so addicted to their old customs; and again on the other fide, some be so new-fangled, that they would innovate all things, and fo despife the old, that no hing can like them, but that is new: it was thought expedient, not so much to have respect how to please, and satisfy either of these parties, as how to please God. and profit them both. And yet left any man should be offended, whom good reason might fatisfy, here be certain causes rendered, why some

Some are put away, because the great excess and multitude of them hath so increased in these latter days,

of the accustomed Ceremonies be

put away, and some retained and

kept still.